Western Pacific Fisheries Information Network (WPacFIN)

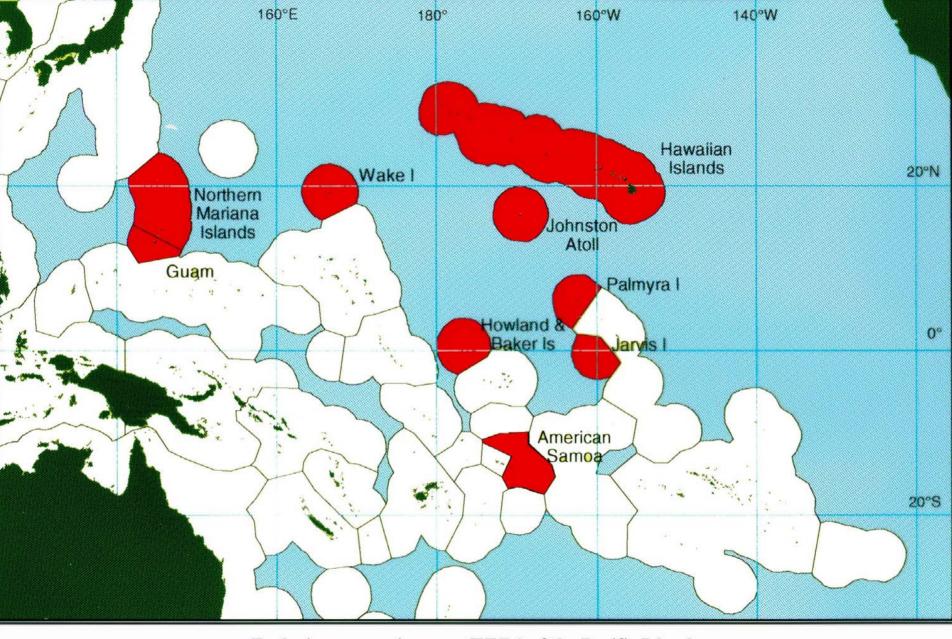
- Goal: To provide quality fisheries data on a timely basis for use in managing fisheries resources in the U.S. Pacific EEZs
- WPacFIN is a cooperative voluntary 'state'- federal program
- NMFS PIFSC Program (1981)
- Operationally: we assist US Pacific islands fisheries agencies establish and maintain fisheries monitoring programs by providing technical support and assistance and some funding
- Types of Technical Support
 - Data Collection System Analysis and Design
 - Computer Data Processing System Design and Development
 - Data Analysis and Report Generation
 - Training on All Aspects of Fisheries Monitoring

Member Agencies

- NMFS: PIFSC and PIRO
- Council: WPRFMC
- Am.Samoa Dept. Marine and Wildlife Res.
- Hawaii Div. of Aquatic Resources
- Guam Div. of Aquatic and Wildlife Res.
- Guam Bureau of Statistics and Plans
- CNMI Div. of Fish and Wildlife

FMPs Supported

- Pelagics
- Bottomfish and Seamount fisheries
- Crustaceans
- Precious Corals
- Coral Reef Ecosystem



Exclusive economic zones (EEZs) of the Pacific Islands.

Western Pacific Regional Fishery Management Council EEZ area shown in red. (Map courtesy of WPRFMC)

Fisheries Monitoring Programs Used in the U.S. Pacific Islands (Hawaii, American Samoa, Guam, CNMI)

• Almost every combination of:

– Mandatory vs. Voluntary

Censusvs. Sampling

Staff collected vs. Industry

Long-term vs. Short-term

Fisheries Monitoring Tools

- Logbooks (federal and state)
- Observer Programs
- Dealer reports: "Trip Ticket" receipts: invoices of sales
- Fisherman reports: catch/effort/sales
- Market sampling
- Creel surveys: participation and catch/effort
- Tournament sampling
- Vessel classification/registration
- Transshipments/exports
- Imports
- Specialize biological sampling and research projects

Island Data Systems

System	NMFS	Samoa	Guam	CNMI	Hawaii
Logbooks	X			?	X
Observer Programs	X	?			X
Dealer reports		X	X	X	X
Fisherman reports					X
Market sampling	X	X	X	X	X
Creel surveys	X	X	X	X	X
Tournament sampling	X	X	X	X	X
Vessel classification	X	X	X	X	X
Transshipments/exports		X	X	X	
Imports			X	X	
Research projects	X	X	X	X	X

Participation Counts



Participation Counts (Who's out fishing)



Creel Survey Participation Vessel/Trailer Counts



Creel Vessel Counts



Aerial Counts of Participation (Inshore Survey and Remote Areas)



Fisherman Interviews

(Hours fished, area fished, bycatch, disposition)



Fisherman Interviews (catch/effort by gear types)



Dockside Interviews (Length Frequency, Species Composition)



Dock-side Creel Sampling (landings, weight frequency)



Dockside Interviews

(Length/Weight Regressions)



Sampling into the night













Market Sampling (accurate data)



Tournament Sampling (Builds Fisherman Rapport)



Tournament Sampling (Enhances Public Relations)



Tournaments Biological Sampling



Vessel Classification



Vessel Classification



Transshipment



Transshipment Fish Weights



Transshipment/Export



Specialize Biological Sampling and Research Projects



Size Frequency Sampling



Stomach Content and Sexual Maturity Studies



Otolith Removal for Age and Growth Studies



Gonad Staging for Spawning Seasonality



Stock Structure Research DNA Sampling



No matter what combination of fisheries monitoring tools you chose to use...

Data Quality is IMPORTANT

TO BE SUCCESSFUL TAKES:

- Long Term Commitment
- Dedication/Commitment/Capability of Staff and Management
- Good Planning, Design, and Follow Through
- Perseverance and Persistence
- Cooperation and Communication
- Flexibility to Changing Fisheries
- Evolution of Data Systems
 - (subsistence-commercial-recreational)



